

5.3.4 変動成分に関する方程式

乱れの運動エネルギー $\overline{u'_i u'_i}/2$ を支配する式

(5.33) に u'_i をかけて平均をとると

$$\overline{u'_i \frac{\partial(\overline{u_i} + u'_i)}{\partial t}} + u'_i (\overline{u_j} + u'_j) \frac{\partial(\overline{u_i} + u'_i)}{\partial x_j} = -\frac{1}{\rho} u'_i \frac{\partial(\overline{p} + p')}{\partial x_i} + \nu u'_i \frac{\partial^2(\overline{u_i} + u'_i)}{\partial x_j^2}.$$

各項を展開して

$$\begin{aligned} & \underbrace{\overline{u'_i \frac{\partial \overline{u_i}}{\partial t}}}_0 + \underbrace{\overline{u'_i \frac{\partial u'_i}{\partial t}}}_{\frac{\partial}{\partial t}(\frac{1}{2} \overline{u'_i u'_i})} + \underbrace{\overline{u'_i u'_j \frac{\partial \overline{u_i}}{\partial x_j}}}_0 + \underbrace{\overline{u'_i u'_j \frac{\partial u'_i}{\partial x_j}}}_{\overline{u'_j \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j}(\frac{1}{2} u'_i u'_i)}} + \underbrace{\overline{u'_i u'_j \frac{\partial \overline{u_i}}{\partial x_j}}}_{\overline{u'_i u'_j \frac{\partial \overline{u_i}}{\partial x_j}}} + \underbrace{\overline{u'_i u'_j \frac{\partial u'_i}{\partial x_j}}}_{\overline{u'_i u'_j \frac{\partial u'_i}{\partial x_j}}} \\ & = -\frac{1}{\rho} \underbrace{\overline{u'_i \frac{\partial \overline{p}}{\partial x_i}}}_0 - \frac{1}{\rho} \overline{u'_i \frac{\partial p'}{\partial x_i}} + \underbrace{\nu \overline{u'_i \frac{\partial^2 \overline{u_i}}{\partial x_j^2}}}_0 + \overline{\nu u'_i \frac{\partial^2 u'_i}{\partial x_j^2}}. \end{aligned}$$

ここで

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{u'_i u'_j \frac{\partial u'_i}{\partial x_j}} &= \overline{u'_j \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} \left(\frac{1}{2} u'_i u'_i \right)} = \overline{\frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} \left(\frac{1}{2} u'_i u'_i u'_j \right)} - \underbrace{\frac{1}{2} \overline{u'_i u'_i \frac{\partial u'_j}{\partial x_j}}}_0 = \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} \left(\frac{1}{2} \overline{u'_i u'_i u'_j} \right), \\ -\frac{1}{\rho} \overline{u'_i \frac{\partial p'}{\partial x_i}} &= -\frac{1}{\rho} \left[\overline{\frac{\partial}{\partial x_i} (u'_i p')} - \underbrace{p' \frac{\partial \overline{u'_i}}{\partial x_i}}_0 \right] = -\frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial}{\partial x_i} (\overline{u'_i p'}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\overline{\nu u'_i \frac{\partial^2 u'_i}{\partial x_j^2}} = \nu \left[\overline{\frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} \left(u'_i \frac{\partial u'_i}{\partial x_j} \right)} - \overline{\left(\frac{\partial u'_i}{\partial x_j} \right)^2} \right] = \nu \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} \left(\overline{u'_i \frac{\partial u'_i}{\partial x_j}} \right) - \nu \overline{\left(\frac{\partial u'_i}{\partial x_j} \right)^2}$$

の関係を用いて、これは

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \left(\frac{1}{2} \overline{u'_i u'_i} \right) + \overline{u'_j \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} \left(\frac{1}{2} \overline{u'_i u'_i} \right)} \\ & = -\frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} \left(\frac{1}{\rho} \overline{u'_j p'} + \frac{1}{2} \overline{u'_i u'_i u'_j} - \nu \overline{u'_i \frac{\partial u'_i}{\partial x_j}} \right) - \overline{u'_i u'_j \frac{\partial \overline{u_i}}{\partial x_j}} - \nu \overline{\left(\frac{\partial u'_i}{\partial x_j} \right)^2} \quad (5.41) \end{aligned}$$

となる。あるいはさらに

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} \left(\overline{u'_i \frac{\partial u'_i}{\partial x_j}} \right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} \left(\overline{u'_i \frac{\partial u'_i}{\partial x_j} + u'_i \frac{\partial u'_j}{\partial x_i}} \right) - \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} \left(\overline{u'_i \frac{\partial u'_j}{\partial x_i}} \right)$$